

**1 Which of these people ...? Oliver Tambo, Desmond Tutu, Chief Luthuli, F.W. de Klerk, Dr Daniel Malan.**

- a ... introduced apartheid? .....
- b ... organised the ANC from abroad? .....
- c ... was the first African to get the Nobel Peace Prize? .....
- d ... told Mandela he was going to be released from prison? .....
- e ... was chosen to look into the crimes of apartheid? .....

**20 marks**

**2 What do the words mean? Match a number from A with a letter from B.**

**A**

- 1 \_\_\_ concert
- 2 \_\_\_ Afrikaans
- 3 \_\_\_ pass
- 4 \_\_\_ Bantustan
- 5 \_\_\_ sabotage

**B**

- a a place where black people were forced to live
- b to damage something on purpose
- c a public performance of music
- d a piece of paper that Africans had to carry to travel or get a job
- e a kind of Dutch spoken by some white people in South Africa

**20 marks**

**3 Where did it happen? Match a number from A with a letter from B.**

**A**

- 1 \_\_\_ Sharpeville
- 2 \_\_\_ Lilliesleaf
- 3 \_\_\_ Robben Island
- 4 \_\_\_ Victor Verster Prison
- 5 \_\_\_ Qunu, Transkei

**B**

- a Mandela spent eighteen years in prison here.
- b Mandela was born here, and returned to live here in 1999.
- c Sixty-nine people were killed here during a protest in 1960.
- d Members of MK lived and made plans for sabotage here.
- e Mandela walked to freedom from here in 1990.

**20 marks**

**4 Match a number from A with a letter from B to make complete sentences.**

**A**

- 1 \_\_\_ The ANC ...
- 2 \_\_\_ The Afrikaner National Party ...
- 3 \_\_\_ The Spear of the Nation (MK)
- 4 \_\_\_ The 46664 campaign ...
- 5 \_\_\_ The Black Consciousness Movement ...

**B**

- a ... wanted to separate black and white people in all areas of life.
- b ... raised a lot of money for people with HIV/Aids.
- c ... wanted to make black people proud of their history.
- d ... wanted to make life better for black people in South Africa.
- e ... planned to use violence against the South African government.

**20 marks**

**5 Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?**

- a \_\_\_ Mandela's first job in Johannesburg was in a kitchen.
- b \_\_\_ During the Defiance Campaign, black Africans attacked white people.
- c \_\_\_ The government forced Africans out of their homes in Sophiatown.
- d \_\_\_ Mandela and Tambo opened the first African law office together.
- e \_\_\_ MK decided to destroy schools and hospitals to make things difficult for the government.
- f \_\_\_ Robben Island was famous because of its political prisoners.
- g \_\_\_ As soon as he arrived at Robben Island, Mandela protested about the conditions.
- h \_\_\_ Mandela was seventy-one when he was released from prison.
- i \_\_\_ In the 1994 election, the ANC got less than 50 per cent of the votes.
- j \_\_\_ In 2005, Mandela's son Makgatho died in a plane crash.

**20 marks**

**Total marks**

## Places

Choose the best answer.

- Nelson Mandela was born in a village \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  near Johannesburg b  in the Transkei province c  on Robben Island d  in Swaziland
- The government forced Africans out of their homes in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Qunu b  Orlando c  Soweto d  Sophiatown
- In 1960, sixty-nine people were killed by the police at \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Sharpeville b  Pretoria c  Lilliesleaf d  Robben Island
- Members of the MK made plans for sabotage at \_\_\_\_\_ farm.  
a  Sophiatown b  Lilliesleaf c  Durban d  Qunu
- Mandela, Sisulu and others were found guilty of sabotage at the \_\_\_\_\_ Trial.  
a  London b  Pretoria c  Kimberley d  Rivonia
- At Robben Island, the political prisoners worked at the \_\_\_\_\_ for many years.  
a  library b  kitchen c  quarry d  factory
- In the 1960s and 1970s, millions of black Africans had to move to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Bantustans b  the coast c  cities d  farms
- People in South Africa call Johannesburg the 'city of \_\_\_\_\_'.  
a  sunshine b  gold c  freedom d  silver
- The \_\_\_\_\_ Mountain in Cape Town is over 1,000 metres high.  
a  House b  Chair c  Shelf d  Table
- When Mandela visited London in 2006, he spoke to a big crowd in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Hyde Park b  Piccadilly Circus c  Trafalgar Square d  Buckingham Palace

**20 marks**

## People

Choose the best answer.

- Nelson Mandela was born in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  1898 b  1901 c  1918 d  1938
- When Mandela was seven, his \_\_\_\_\_ gave him the name Nelson.  
a  brother b  doctor c  mother d  teacher

- Nelson ran away from his uncle's house because he didn't \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  like the food b  want to marry c  want to study d  like his uncle
- Mandela's first wife Evelyn left him and became more involved with \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  her church b  making money c  politics d  her friends
- Mandela's second wife was called \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Winnie b  Mandy c  Albertina d  Mary
- After his trial, Denis Goldberg was not sent to Robben Island prison because he was \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  too old b  not guilty c  ill d  white
- Mandela called the book of his life story \_\_\_\_\_ *Freedom*.  
a  *The Road to* b  *Waiting for* c  *Long Walk to* d  *The Struggle for*
- \_\_\_\_\_ Desmond Tutu was given the Nobel Peace Prize in 1984.  
a  Judge b  Archbishop c  General d  Prime Minister
- In 1990, President \_\_\_\_\_ told Mandela that he was going to be released.  
a  Vorster b  Botha c  de Klerk d  Nehru
- In 2005, Mandela's son Makgatho died \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  of Aids b  in a plane crash c  in prison d  of heart disease

**20 marks**

## Facts

Choose the best answer.

- The Afrikaans language is similar to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  Arabic b  English c  Xhosa d  Dutch
- In 1936, a law forced African men to carry \_\_\_\_\_ if they wanted to travel.  
a  money b  a gun c  a pass d  a driving licence
- Mandela's first job in Johannesburg was as a guard at a \_\_\_\_\_.  
a  gold mine b  government office c  factory d  police station
- Mandela studied \_\_\_\_\_ in the evenings at the University of Witwatersrand.  
a  engineering b  law c  French d  philosophy

- 25 In 1961, the leader of \_\_\_\_\_ received the Nobel Peace Prize.  
 a  the ANC b  the Black Consciousness Movement c  the MK d  the Communist Party
- 26 At the end of the Rivonia Trial, the sentence for the accused was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  to leave South Africa b  to pay the government a lot of money c  life in prison d  death
- 27 The cells at Robben Island prison were about \_\_\_\_\_ metres square.  
 a  three b  four c  two d  ten
- 28 Mandela was prisoner number 466/\_\_\_\_\_ at Robben Island.  
 a  48 b  64 c  99 d  02
- 29 Political prisoners at Robben Island could write one letter every \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  six months b  week c  year d  month
- 30 The national song of South Africa is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  Africa For Ever b  Our Country is Great c  Long Live Nelson Mandela d  God Bless Africa

**20 marks**

## Vocabulary

**Choose the best answer.**

- 31 to decide that something is not allowed  
 a  ban b  share c  force d  elect
- 32 things that happened in the past  
 a  story b  protest c  system d  history
- 33 a small room in a prison  
 a  quarry b  cell c  province d  mine
- 34 to write your name on a document to show you agree  
 a  release b  sign c  share d  forbid
- 35 something that can hurt people (like a gun, knife or spear)  
 a  weapon b  truck c  guard d  system
- 36 money that will be used for something special (for example to help sick children)  
 a  campaign b  wealth c  fund d  concert
- 37 when you have done something against the law  
 a  accused b  equal c  underground d  guilty
- 38 to choose a leader by taking part in an election  
 a  sabotage b  vote c  share d  negotiate

- 39 the person in a court who decides what the punishment will be  
 a  lawyer b  visitor c  judge d  guard
- 40 to speak or act (maybe in a group) against something you disagree with  
 a  force b  charge c  protest d  elect

**20 marks**

## Events

**Choose the best answer.**

- 41 The first white people to come to southern Africa were mostly from Britain and \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  the USA b  Holland c  Italy d  France
- 42 In 1952, Mandela worked on the '\_\_\_\_\_ Campaign' against unfair laws.  
 a  Defiance b  Angry c  Violent d  Africa
- 43 In 1961, Mandela organized a new group called '\_\_\_\_\_ of the Nation'.  
 a  Gun b  Bomb c  Knife d  Spear
- 44 At first, the food in Robben Island was mostly \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  fruit b  meat c  fish d  porridge
- 45 Each cell in Robben Island had a \_\_\_\_\_ that was never turned off.  
 a  heater b  television c  light d  radio
- 46 In prison, Mandela wrote his life story and hid the pages \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  under his bed b  in the prison garden c  in his clothes d  in the prison kitchen
- 47 Mandela learned \_\_\_\_\_ in prison so he could talk to the guards.  
 a  Afrikaans b  German c  English d  Xhosa
- 48 In Pollsmoor, Mandela kissed his wife for the first time for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a  eleven years b  forty-one years c  a year d  twenty-one years
- 49 In the 1994 elections, the ANC got about \_\_\_\_\_ per cent of the votes.  
 a  25 b  41 c  63 d  89
- 50 Many people told the Truth and \_\_\_\_\_ Committee about their terrible experiences.  
 a  Justice b  Reconciliation c  Punishment d  Friendship

**20 marks**

**Total marks**